

SUSTAINABLE WINDOWS $B \square \land \lor I S T \land$





BOAVISTA has installed more than **1500 windows** in **125 projects** since 2017, helping to reduce more than **505 tons of CO2**, responsible to global warming, **273 tons of SO2**, responsible for acidification of air and rain; and **11,8 tons of C2H4**, which are harmful substances that can interfere with human health and damage ecosystems.

The goal is to, by 2028, have produced and installed over **16 832 windows**, and therefore **avoid over 8500 tons of CO₂, 4600 tons of SO₂ and 200 tons of** C_2H_4 , making way to a more sustainable construction.

*When compared with aluminium Windows.

Saadatian, S., Freire, F., Simões, N., "Embodied impacts of window systems: a comparative assessment

of framing and glazing alternatives". Journal of Building Engineering

Climate change is not theoretical! It is happening right now

"The construction sector is responsible for 40% of global CO_2 emissions"

(Martinez Rocamora et al, Environmental Carbon Footprints, (2018), Industrial Case Studies)

"95% of world population is breathing dangerously polluted air" (...)

"One in six deaths is caused by air pollution"

(Das and Horton, "Pollution Health and the planet: time for Decisive Action", The Lancet, 2017)

Global warming has led to weather related events that affected 2.3 billion people and killed 157 000 people around the world, just between 1995 and 2015.

(United Nations Office for Disaster Risk Reduction,

"The human cost of weather related disasters 1995-2015", Geneva, 2015)

But the potential is still much greater. With buildings accounting for 40% of our **energy consumption and over a third of our CO₂ emissions**, there's much more we can still do.[...] And it is not only about energy and CO₂ emissions; it's also about living standard, air pollution, health, jobs in the local economy, investment, growth of our economy and smartening our cities by making better use of our buildings. [...] **This is a challenge, but also an opportunity to move forward**."

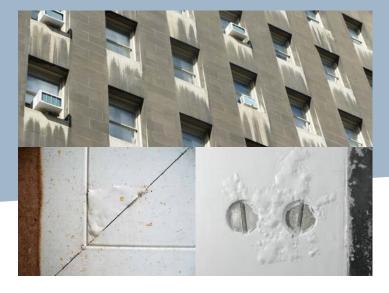
Maroš Šefčovič, Vice President of European Comission 6th July 2017

We need to invest in solutions and technology that contribute to a dramatic decrease of human's ecological footprint in everything that we do. Starting by the places where we live, or where we work.



But sustainability is not only a matter of energy efficiency. It is also a durability issue!

In the most aggressive environments we need buildings that last.



Acid rain is responsible for severe environmental destruction across the world and occurs most commonly in the North Eastern United States, Eastern Europe and increasingly in parts of China and India. The Earth has 620.000kms of coastal lines and 2/3 of the word's population lives under 100km from the coast Windows made from other materials have durability issues, aggravated when exposed to aggressive environments:

- · Corrosion (near the sea/aggressive environments)
- Big Expansion / Contraction rates and very different from the glass they use
- Need of reinforcements of different materials and affect building materials, corroding its surface



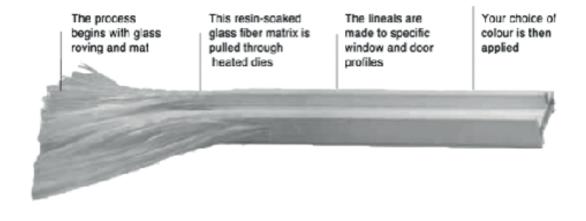
Boavista Windows is the first European window systems brand focused on producing sustainable fibreglass windows with high durability and great design.

We were born in Porto in 2011 and we are proudly portuguese!

what is fibreglass?



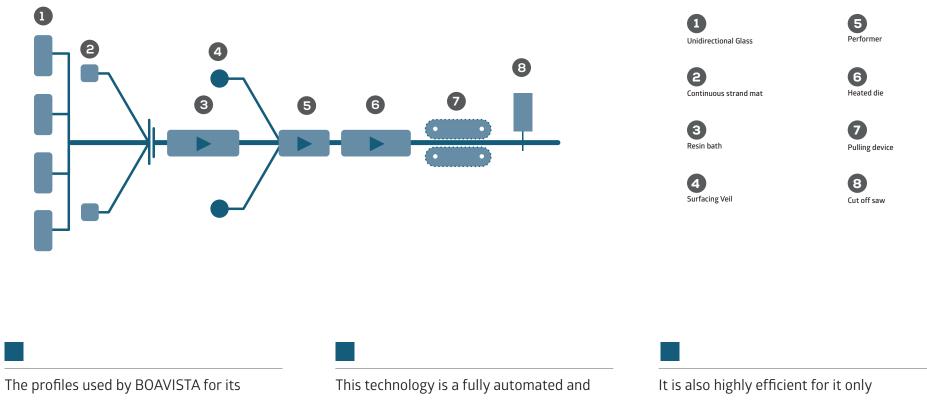
fibreglass | what is it?



Fibreglass, the common name for GRP (Glass Reinforced Polymers), is a composite material that combines the best properties of each of its individual components. Well known for its versatility, fibreglass presents a wide application range, from boats to wind turbines. In the construction industry, fibreglass is used widely when the situation demands a stable, durable and resistant material.



fibreglass | pultrusion



The profiles used by BOAVISTA for its windows and doors are made using pultrusion.

This technology is a fully automated and continuous process that produces profiles with constant cross section.

It is also highly efficient for it only consumes 0,07 kW to produce a linear meter of profile (approx. 1kg).



fibreglass | examples of use



Structural Profiles

Bridge, Kolding Denmark



Decks









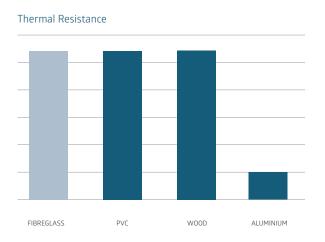
Wind tower blade



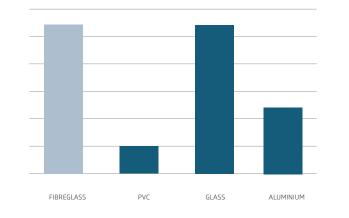
Racing vessels

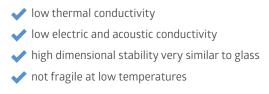
Water Treatment Center

fibreglass | pultruded profiles

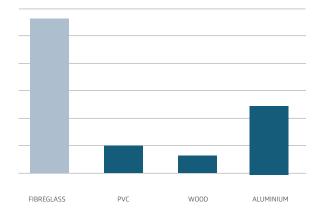


Dimensional Stability

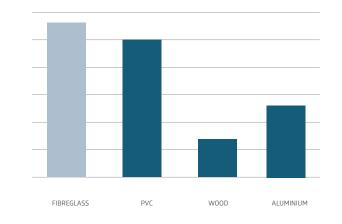


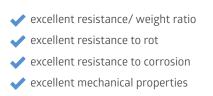


Resistance/ Weight Ratio



Resistance to Corrosion/ Rot







Fiberglass windows have a lower embodied environmental impact than the material most commonly used in windows (aluminum with thermal breaks) in all the parameters scientifically evaluated.



With regard to eutrophication and acidification, fiberglass is much lower than aluminum windows by far (76% and 75% less);



Fiberglass consumes 72% less non-renewable energy compared to aluminum or PVC windows;



Fiberglass produces 76% to 80% less CO2 than a virgin aluminum window; even when compared to recycled aluminum windows, fiberglass is still lower!



Fiberglass has a lower impact on the ozone layer, 82% less;



Regardless of the glass chosen, fiberglass windows have always have a lower thermal transmittance (Uw) when compared with aluminum windows with thermal break.

Saadatian, S., Freire, F., Simões, N., "Embodied impacts of window systems: a comparative assessment of framing and glazing alternatives" Journal of Building Engineering

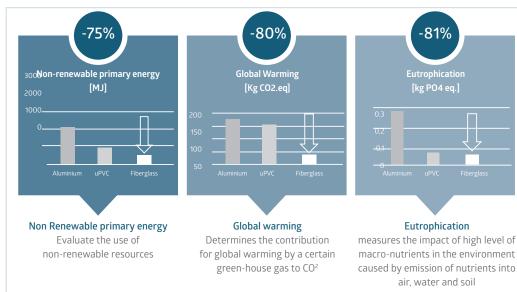


Great Performance

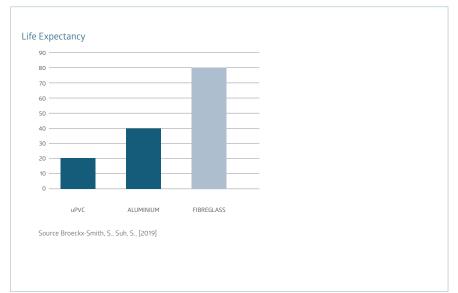
Lowest Global cost [€/m2] vs Global Warming [kg CO2 emissions]



Low Emissions



High Durability



References: Broeckx-Smith, S., Suh, S. Comparative Life Cycle Energy and Greenhouse Gas Emission Performance of Window Frame Materials. Goleta, CA, USA: (2019). VitalMetrics (IERS LLC.).; Saadatian, S., Freire, F., Simões, N., "Embodied impacts of window systems: a comparative assessment of framing and glazing alternatives" (2021) Journal of Building Engineering"; Saadatian, S., Simões, N., Freire, F., "Integrated environmental, energy and cost lifecycle analysis of Windows: optimal selection of components", (2021), Building and Environment; Salazar, James, Sowlati, Taraneh, (2008)"A review of life-cycle assessment of windows", (2008)Forest Products Journal;



Boavista is deeply commited with R&D and we were the first in the world to develop a minimalist window manufactured in fibrelgass.

We bring you SUSTAINABLE MINIMALISM

Sustainable minimalism is not only aesthetic. **It is all about product design and philosophy and the way we manage and consume the available resources**.

Sustainable minimalism is about leaving **the smallest footprint on Earth** as possible and working continuously towards making it a better place.



This is

We are the first fibreglass minimalist window system.



Performance Test

Requirements	Test Results	
Thermal Transmittance [Uw]	Up to 1,18 W/m².°K Glass = 0,9 W/m².°K	
Acoustic Insulation [Rw]	Up to 44dB (-2; -6) Glass = 48dB (-2;-7)	d»
Air permeability	4	₽
Water Tightness	8A	$\bigcap_{\mathcal{Y}_{i}^{\prime}}$
Wind Load Resistance	С3	<u>-</u>

It was created for you to enjoy every inch of your environment, with the highest level of comfort, performance and durability!

It is the only window system that joins a true minimalist design in all senses: almost invisible frame, low impact on the environment and extreme durability, combined with an outstanding thermal and acoustic performance. Infinnito is made of advanced composite materials, without metal to ensure its high performing characteristics.

N

Extreme durability Minimal by Design

Minimal ecological footprint

Thinking of the future generations

Almost invisible frame



Boavista is not only infinnito.

We have a complete range of Fibreglass Window systems

Boavista Systems

- BWTT 60 Tilt & Turn
- BWSL 45 Sliding
- BWSLD 45 Sliding
- BWD60 Door
- BWDS 35 Double Sash
- BWS 35 Sash

Premium Systems

- BWO60 Casement
- Vintage Series

Boavista Windows tilt & turn 60 mm sash width BWTT 60 tilt & turn

- Most versatile window system with multiple configurations and operating modes;
- Compatible with other BOAVISTA series;
- Standard hidden hinge system: perfect aesthetic and optimum functionality





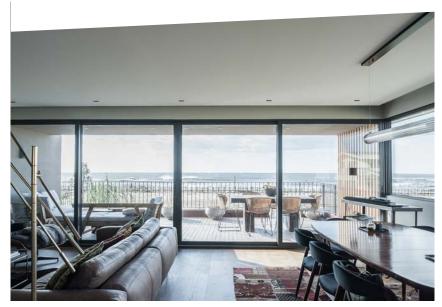
Requirements	Test Method	Test Results	
Thermal Transmittance [Uw]	ISO 12567-1 2010	From 0,74 W/m ² oK	
Acoustic Insulation [Rw]	ISO 10140-1 2010 ISO 10140-2 2010 ISO 10140-4 2010 NP EN ISO 717-1 2009	39dB (-2;-4)	¢))
Air Tightness	EN 1026 2000 EN 12207 1999	4	₽
Water Tightness	EN 1027 2000 EN 12208 1999	8A	
Wind Load Resistance	EN 12211 200 EN 12210 1999 EN 12210 1999/AC 2002	C5	<u></u> 0



Boavista Windows Sliding Drainage 45 mm sash width BWSLD 45 Sliding

- Based on a modular system that allows multiple configurations;
- Standard sashes up to 250 kg (ex: 2,2 x 2,85 m);
- Low frame compatible to flush installations;
- Versatile lock upgradable to multi-point locking;

Requirements	Test Method	Test Results	
Thermal Transmittance [Uw]	ISO 12567-1 2010	From 1,09 W/m ² oK	
Acoustic Insulation [Rw]	ISO 10140-1 2010 ISO 10140-2 2010 ISO 10140-4 2010 NP EN ISO 717-1 2009	26dB (-1; -2)	¢))
Air Tightness	EN 1026 2000; EN 12207 1999	3	₽
Water Tightness	EN 1027 2000 EN 12208 1999	7A	$\bigcap_{''_i'}$
Wind Load Resistance	EN 12211 200 EN 12210 1999 EN 12210 1999/AC 2002	C4	<u></u>





Boavista Windows Double Sash 35 mm sash width BWDS 35 Double Sash Window

- Both panels slide;
- The bottom panel can be used as a balustrade;
- Great minimal looks

Requirements	Test Method	Test Results	
Thermal Transmittance [Uw]	ISO 10077-1:2006 ISO 10077-2:2006	From 1,23 W/m ² oK	
Acoustic Insulation [Rw]	NP EN 14351-1:2006 + 1:2011	29dB (-1; -2)	d))
Air Tightness	EN 1026 2000; EN 12207 1999	3	
Water Tightness	EN 1027 2000 EN 12208 1999	8A	$\bigcap_{''_i}$
Wind Load Resistance	EN 12211 200 EN 12210 1999 EN 12210 1999/AC 2002	C2	<u>-</u>





BWO 60 Outward Opening Window

- With slim frame, for a minimal look;
- Outward side hung opening or top hung projecting window

Requirements	Test Results	
Thermal Transmittance [Uw]	From 1,19 W/m2 oK	
Acoustic Insulation [Rw]	37 dB (-1;-4)	d)»
Air Tightness	4	
Water Tightness	6A	
Wind Load Resistance	C4	//: _ <u></u> 0



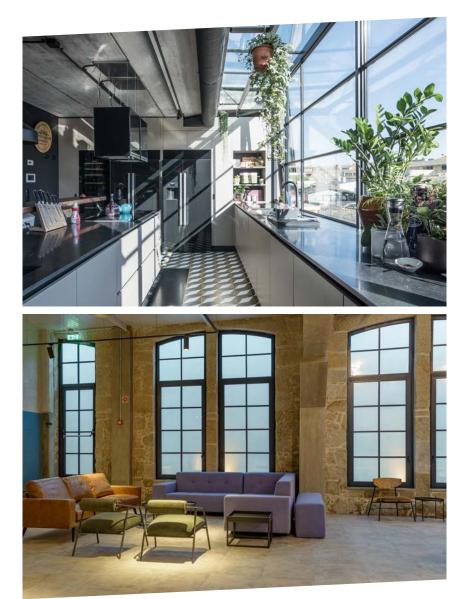


Vintage Series

- Vintage look with modern performance;
- Fibreglass reinforced profiles provide;
- Great durability even in harsh conditions



Requirements	Test Results	
Thermal Transmittance [Uw]	From 0,74 W/m2 oK	
Acoustic Insulation [Rw]	39dB (-2; -4)	¢)»
Air Tightness	4	
Water Tightness	8A	
Wind Load Resistance	C5	،، <u></u>





Certificação	Тіро	Âmbito	Sistemas	Status	
Marcação CE	Produto	Certificação de produto de acordo com normas europeias	Gama completa	Concluída	CE
Certificação RC2	Produto	Resistência à Intrusão	BWTT60	Concluída	
Sustainable Value ISO 14024	Produto	Sustentabilidade do produto	Gama completa	Concluída	and the local de
Certificação RC2	Produto	Resistência à Intrusão	Sistemas BWSL45	Em curso	
LEED certification	Produto	Sustentabilidade- origem dos materiais, % materiais reciclados	Gama completa	Disponível perante solic- itação	
PAS 24	Produto	Resistência à Intrusão se- gundo normas Britânicas	BW060	Em curso	
Declaração Ambiental de Produto	Produto	Ambiental	Gama completa	Concluída	
ISSO 9001, 14001, 45001	Empresa	Sistema de Gestão Integra- da em Qualidade, Segurança e Ambiente	N/A	Concluída	
Carbono Zero	Empresa	Cálculo e compensação de emissões de carbono	N/A	Concluída (revista anualmente)	CARDONO ZERO

BCAVISTA

FIBRE GLASS WINDOWS

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